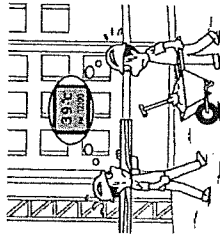
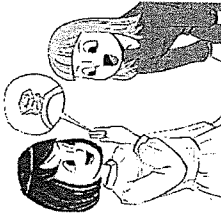
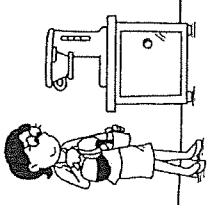
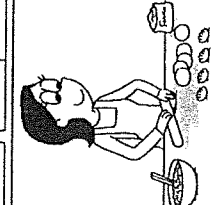
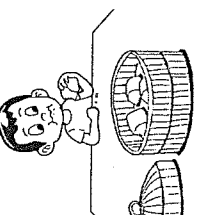
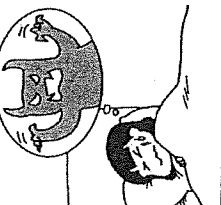
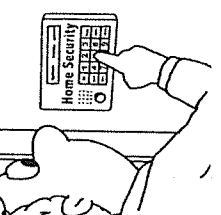


Part 1: Picture Questions (10%)

Look at each picture and answer the question.

1. 	2. 
3. 	4. 
5. 	6. 
7. 	8. 
9. 	10. 

Part 2: Best Response Questions (20%)

Listen to the question or statement and choose the best response.

- () 11. (A) Yes. I'm glad the weather will be good.
 (B) No. Ned told me about the funny story.
 (C) Yeah, I'm interested in the new product.
 (D) Of course. I cried reading the sad news.
- () 12. (A) No problem. I'll put it in an envelope.
 (B) OK. Where should I sign?
 (C) Yes. I can change it into Chinese.
 (D) Well, it looks perfect to me.
- () 13. (A) True. They're almost the same.
 (B) Really? How are they different?
 (C) No way! You can't have both.
 (D) You're lucky you don't have to work.

- () 14. (A) Yes. I've finished packing.
 (B) No. Can you drive me to the airport?
 (C) Yes. I've already made sure.
 (D) No. I can pick you up if you want.
- () 15. (A) I'm going to make a necklace.
 (B) They help my plants grow fast.
 (C) I use them to clean my kitchen.
 (D) They add flavor to my soup.
- () 16. (A) Yes. He said to take every failure as a lesson.
 (B) No, but it's OK. I'm not a fan of his jokes.
 (C) Yes, but I'm not ready to forgive him.
 (D) No. There was nothing left in the bottle.
- () 17. (A) It costs thousands of dollars every year.
 (B) Most people think it's a great place to study.
 (C) There are more boys than girls at the school.
 (D) It's located downtown, next to the train station.
- () 18. (A) It's going to be sunny tomorrow.
 (B) Nothing. Everything is fine.
 (C) We will have pizza for dinner.
 (D) It's right next to Judy's desk.
- () 19. (A) OK. Let's go to the nearest gas station.
 (B) Why not? I'm a good driver.
 (C) Yes, we don't have enough money.
 (D) I agree. Its design looks ugly.
- () 20. (A) It will take about 10 minutes.
 (B) You must spend at least NT\$500.
 (C) We only deliver on weekdays.
 (D) It depends. Either by scooter or bike.

Part 3: Conversation Questions (20%)

Listen to each conversation and answer the question.

- () 21. (A) The man suffered an injury.
 (B) The man's team lost.
 (C) The man did not attend it.
 (D) The man's team won.
- () 22. (A) He built a treehouse by himself.
 (B) He planted a tree in the yard.
 (C) He cut letters into a tree.
 (D) He cut down an old tree.

- () 23. (A) She canceled the meeting.
(B) She won't attend the meeting.
(C) She changed the meeting time.
(D) She didn't know about the change.

- () 24. (A) Visit a museum.
(B) Go to a theater.
(C) Stay at a hotel.
(D) Go to a church.

- () 25. (A) It was never busy.
(B) It is too expensive.
(C) It has bad service.
(D) It wasn't making money.

- () 26. (A) He loved the man's idea.
(B) He rejected the man's idea.
(C) He wanted to think over the man's idea.
(D) He wanted to discuss the man's idea further.

- () 27. (A) He will feel better over time.
(B) He doesn't use his time well.
(C) He always tries to help others.
(D) He isn't a responsible pet owner.

- () 28. (A) His grandparents were born in the US.
(B) He was born in another country.
(C) His parents were born in another country.
(D) His family has been in the US for centuries.

- () 29. (A) Developing some good habits.
(B) Trying to contact the woman.
(C) Meeting a lot of new people.
(D) Learning many work skills.

- () 30. (A) Go to the newest bank right away.
(B) Take some money out from an ATM.
(C) Get a drink from the convenience store.
(D) Report a missing wallet at the police station.

Part 4: Short Talk Questions (20%)

Listen to the following paragraphs and answer the questions.

Paragraph A

- () 31. (A) How people in India make good use of rain.
(B) Some interesting bamboo bridges in India.
(C) Amazing structures in Meghalaya.
(D) Many uses of rubber trees.

- () 32. (A) They can endure heavy rains.
(B) They can be completed quickly.
(C) They can stay strong in strong winds.

- (D) They require few workers to build them.
() 33. (A) They are made of bamboo or wood.
(B) They first appeared decades ago.
(C) They can stretch more than 50 meters.
(D) They don't need any human effort.

- () 34. (A) A special tool.
(B) Plenty of rain.
(C) A special rope.
(D) Enough time.

- () 35. (A) Cut tree roots and weave them together.
(B) Plant rubber trees on the sides of a gap.
(C) Carve tiny holes into tree trunks.
(D) Dig a gap that is wide enough.

Paragraph B

- () 36. (A) A type of fish.
(B) Tiny fish eggs from sturgeon.
(C) A type of drink.
(D) Orange fish eggs from lumpfish.

- () 37. (A) Modern supermarkets.
(B) Homemade dishes.
(C) New restaurants.
(D) Fine dining.

- () 38. (A) They are all rare and expensive.
(B) They can't be found in fancy restaurants.
(C) They come in different colors.
(D) They are rarely available in supermarkets.

- () 39. (A) Lumpfish eggs come from a rare fish.
(B) Lumpfish eggs take longer to produce.
(C) Lumpfish eggs are more expensive.
(D) Lumpfish eggs develop much faster.

- () 40. (A) To explain why caviar is expensive.
(B) To introduce some delicious fish dishes.
(C) To compare the taste of different fish eggs.
(D) To ask the public to protect endangered sturgeon.

Part 5: Vocabulary (10%)

- () 41. No matter how difficult the situation seems now, things will _____ get better if you keep trying.
(A) remarkably (B) thankfully
(C) fortunately (D) eventually

- () 42. As soon as the door was unlocked, the curious children _____ the opportunity to explore the secret room.
(A) recognized (B) seized
(C) adopted (D) accompanied

- () 43. The car accident happened when the driver lost control and ____ into a tree.
(A) poured (B) involved
(C) crashed (D) carved
- () 44. The new method is much more effective and reliable for the employees than the ____ approach.
(A) conventional (B) physical
(C) magical (D) fancy
- () 45. People from different cultural backgrounds should learn to live together in ____ to create a peaceful society.
(A) disgust (B) contrast
(C) behavior (D) harmony
- () 46. The movie was so ____ that the audience couldn't stop laughing throughout the entire show.
(A) outstanding (B) casual
(C) entertaining (D) lively
- () 47. The construction workers ____ the bridge with stronger materials to make it more secure from earthquakes.
(A) strengthened (B) confirmed
(C) endured (D) revealed
- () 48. Henry's facial expression ____ that he was very nervous about standing in front of the audience to give his speech.
(A) revealed (B) consumed
(C) defeated (D) recognized
- () 49. The hotel is located in a very ____ and vast area, far from the city center or any train stations.
(A) aware (B) remote
(C) steep (D) content
- () 50. Please make sure to ____ all the required data into the system before sending out the final report.
(A) input (B) pour
(C) withdraw (D) adopt

Part 6: Short Passage Questions (20%)

Read the *paragraph* and answer the questions.

Paragraph A

Scientists have found that some animals use medical treatments in ways we can learn from. Recently, researchers discovered a surprising method that Florida carpenter ants use to treat limb injuries. When an ant

injures a leg, it often seeks help from a nest mate. If the injury is on the lower leg, the helper ant simply cleans the wound by licking it. However, if the upper leg is damaged, the helper ant bites off the entire limb before licking the remaining part clean. Amazingly, ants that received this treatment had a much higher chance of survival. In fact, 90 to 95 percent of ants that went through amputation survived.

Ants aren't the only creatures that practice medicine in nature. Researchers recently observed a wild orangutan treating a wound on its face by applying a paste made from special leaves. Just a few days later, the wound had completely healed. Similarly, chimpanzees have been seen chewing insects into a paste and using it to treat each other's injuries. Many other animals, including birds, bears, dogs, elephants, and even bees, also care for others or heal themselves in different ways.

- () 51. What do Florida carpenter ants do if another ant injures its upper leg?
(A) They lick the injured part.
(B) They bite off the entire limb.
(C) They leave the injured ant behind.
(D) They move the injured ant to another nest.
- () 52. What is one benefit of the ants' medical treatment?
(A) It helps injured ants survive.
(B) It prevents ants from getting injured.
(C) It allows ants to grow new legs.
(D) It makes ants stronger after treatment.
- () 53. How did a wild orangutan treat its wound?
(A) By licking it repeatedly.
(B) By covering it with insects.
(C) By asking a partner for help.
(D) By applying a paste made from leaves.
- () 54. What have chimpanzees been seen doing to treat injuries?
(A) Rubbing leaves on cuts.
(B) Using tree bark as bandages.
(C) Licking each other's wounds.
(D) Chewing insects into a paste.
- () 55. What can we learn from the passage?
(A) Ants use leaves to treat injured limbs.
(B) Insects could be useful in medical treatment.
(C) Some animals have unique ways to heal wounds.
(D) Many treatments humans use today come from animals.

Paragraph B

The Michelin Guide, known around the world for recognizing the finest in fine dining, started in 1900 as a simple book for drivers. French brothers Édouard and André Michelin, who owned a tire company, created it to help people discover places to eat, sleep, and repair their cars. The guide's popularity quickly grew, and in 1926, it began awarding stars to outstanding restaurants. Establishments could earn one to three stars, with one meaning "worth a stop," two meaning "worth a detour," and three stars meaning the restaurant deserves a "special journey" to visit. By the 1930s, only a handful of restaurants had earned three stars. Today, there are 145 three-starred restaurants worldwide. L'Auberge du Pont de Collonges, a famous restaurant in Lyon, France, was awarded three stars in 1965 and held the three-star rating for a record-breaking 55 years until 2020.

The Michelin Guide continues to grow and change. In 1997, it introduced the Bib Gourmand award, given to eateries that serve excellent food at budget-friendly prices. This change aimed to make quality dining more accessible. Another award, the green star, was added in 2020 to honor restaurants that adopt environmentally friendly practices.

() 56. What was the original purpose of the Michelin Guide?

- (A) To rate the best restaurants in France.
- (B) To provide drivers with useful information.
- (C) To promote French culture to the world.
- (D) To help restaurants improve their food quality.

() 57. What do three Michelin stars mean?

- (A) The restaurant is good and worth a visit if you're nearby.
- (B) The restaurant is very good and worth changing your route to visit.
- (C) The restaurant is excellent and worth making a special trip to visit.
- (D) The restaurant is outstanding and has been visited by famous people.

() 58. Why is L'Auberge du Pont de Collonges mentioned in the passage?

- (A) It was the first restaurant to receive a Michelin star.
- (B) It held three Michelin stars for a record-breaking time.
- (C) It was owned by brothers Édouard and André Michelin.

(D) It was the most affordable three-star restaurant in France.

() 59. Why was the Bib Gourmand award introduced?

- (A) To promote luxury dining experiences.
- (B) To recognize restaurants with long histories.
- (C) To honor affordable restaurants with great food.
- (D) To award restaurants better than three-starred ones.

() 60. Which of the following restaurants can win the green star?

- (A) One that uses ingredients from local farms.
- (B) One that allows customers to bring their pets.
- (C) One that satisfies diners on a limited budget.
- (D) One that provides free meals to those in need.

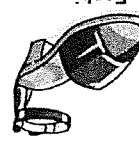
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Listening Section – 50%

I. Pictures 看圖辨義 – 20%

A.

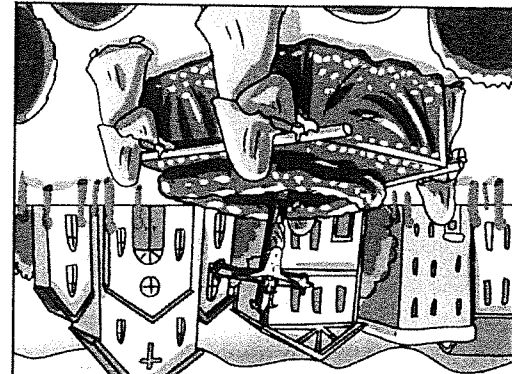
Sale! Annie's Footwear

 Fashion Sandals 10% off	 Rain boots 15% off	 Work boots 20% off
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2. _____

1. _____

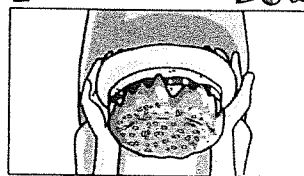
B.



3. _____

4. _____

C.



Micah

Amy: Great job!
Look at this cake I made!

K03941: That looks disgusting! You can't cook at all! Stay out of the kitchen!

① 100
② 258
③ 144
④ 35
⑤ 22

5. _____

6. _____

D.

National Panda Day!

Learn about their protection and habitats.
Interact with zookeepers.
Take home special prizes.

April 26 at City Zoo!



7. _____

8. _____

E.



9. _____

10. _____

II. Best Response 最佳回應句 – 10%

11. A. Pay off all your bills.
B. Never go to bed angry.
C. Whoever cooks doesn't do the dishes.
D. It's good to have your children close in age.
12. A. Don't bite off more than you can eat.
B. The first chapter introduces the characters.
C. It's generally happy and positive.
D. It's not published yet.

13. A. These drawings look better than before.
B. You can make them with salt and water.
C. At the beginning of the lesson.
D. From the dollar store.

14. A. Maybe that means we have mail.
B. It goes well with our house color.
C. Yeah, I need to make it stronger.
D. Yeah, our neighbors have the same one.
15. A. It will sink to the bottom very quickly.
B. They will go to the other side of the lake.
C. People try to skip rocks here a lot.
D. If there's wind, you'll see waves.

III. Short Conversations 簡短會話 - 10%

16. A. Drive a special car to work.
B. Ride an animal to work.
C. Ride in an open truck to work.
D. Take a boat to work.
17. A. He has been saving up for that jacket.
B. He collects cool motorcycle jackets.
C. He resists sales, but loves that jacket.
D. He loves high fashion.
18. A. It is very strict now.
B. It has been famous for many years.
C. The old rules have changed.
D. No one wants to go there now.

19. A. Go to the bank.
B. Stay in this hotel.
C. Just keep driving home.
D. Look at another hotel.

20. A. His file was sent fast.
B. That place needs better wi-fi.
C. The router copied his large file.
D. It's taking a while to send his file.
21. A. She came home from school very tired.
B. She hates to help around the house.
C. She cries when people ask her to work.
D. She doesn't usually respond this way.

22. A. What Emma thinks if her kids are bad.
B. What Emma does if her kids are bad.
C. What Emma's kids do when they're bad.
D. What Emma's kids say when they're bad.
23. A. Only certain birds can pass it along.
B. Only one country has it right now.
C. Humans can catch only a specific kind.
D. Humans can give it to birds now.

24. A. She is a professional artist.
B. She carved a woman holding a baby.
C. She believes all women can be mothers.
D. She was a mom when she was in college.

25. A. It features a woman and a baby.
B. It was carved in two days.
C. You cannot get it wet.
D. It has a lot of detail.

IV. Short Talk 短文聽解 - 10%

26. A. Helping children do well on tests.
B. Helping children listen and act better.
C. Organizing family activities.
D. Teaching parents how to cry with kids.
27. A. Their kids can speak like young adults.
B. Their kids can't wait to return.
C. Their kids have better math skills.
D. Their kids are calmer and happier.
28. A. Why people can't stay healthy all the time.
B. If their medications are really working.
C. What germs look like under a microscope.
D. How illnesses are spread.
29. A. To show people that vaccines are good.
B. To entice people to go into healthcare.
C. To stop people from getting too sick.
D. To teach people to prescribe medicine.

30. A. Only a small number of people can visit.
B. There are no chain stores or restaurants.
C. There are no motorized vehicles allowed.
D. It is surrounded by farmland.

I. Vocabulary 詞彙 – 20%

31. After taking _____ for depression for five years, Carlo eventually recovered.
A. trolls B. medications C. statues D. investigations
32. Meeting old friends after years of separation is a real _____ for most people.
A. sibling B. asset C. regulation D. thrill
33. The birthday cake was topped with creamy vanilla _____ and decorated with sprinkles.
A. ferry B. icing C. pastries D. grid

34. In response to global climate change, scientists are inventing new _____ of crops that better resist extreme weather conditions.
A. molecules B. portions C. strains D. inhabitants
35. The table can be _____ for extra guests.
A. infected B. traced C. expanded D. transmitted

36. Tommy _____ Judy by calling her a scarecrow. She was very angry.
A. insulted B. drifted C. reformed D. typified
37. Learning DIY skills to handle repairs is more _____ than hiring a mechanic.
A. radical B. moral C. economical D. grateful

38. The screen cracked, but the smartphone remains _____.
A. offensive B. emotional C. rewarding D. functional
39. Longshan Temple in the Wanhua District of Taipei city is filled with people who gather to _____.
A. bully B. worship C. hinder D. accommodate
40. Victor spent the weekend in the countryside to escape from the _____ of city life.
A. hustle B. nostalgia C. liability D. pitfall

II. Cloze Test 綜合測驗 – 20%

Easter, celebrated around the world, blends deep religious significance with cultural traditions. The celebrations symbolize hope and new life. Rooted in Christian beliefs, the holiday honors the resurrection of Jesus, _____ 41 _____ his victory over death. _____ 42 _____ in over 100 countries, Easter is a time for family gatherings, special treats, and vibrant community activities.

The spectacular Easter festivals in Antigua, Guatemala, are beyond comparison to anything in the northern hemisphere. One of its most striking aspects are the painstakingly handmade *alfombras*, or carpets of sawdust and flowers. *Alfombras* line the streets of Antigua during Guatemala's Easter Festivals. _____ 43 _____ of Jesus and his mother, Mary, are carried across the *alfombras*, honoring the final days of Jesus's life. On other continents, the victory of light over darkness is a key Easter theme. _____ 44 _____, in North America and some areas of Eastern Europe, sunrise services held in parks on mountaintops represent light triumphing over darkness.

B.

41. A. to affirm B. affirmed C. affirming D. that is affirmed
42. A. Derived B. Established C. Associated D. Observed
43. A. Pitfalls B. Assets C. Hardships D. Statues
44. A. So to speak B. For instance C. In a nutshell D. On the contrary
45. A. egg-dying B. dyed-egg C. egg-dyed D. egg-dyeing

Not all traditions focus on religion. Some are just for fun. In Bermuda, the annual Kite Festival fills the sky with colorful, homemade kites, while in the U.K. and North America, children participate in _____ 45 _____ and Easter egg hunts. Poland celebrates Easter Monday with water fights, involving boys playfully splashing single girls. Despite diverse celebrations, Easter unites people with its themes of new life and shared hope.

Many of us have visited a zoo, mostly during our childhood. Adults brought us there to see animals that we had learned from books _____ 46 _____. They hoped the visits could help us know more about animals and thus inspired us to care about protecting them. However, now more and more people are against the zoo. They argue that animals shouldn't be _____ 47 _____ places where they don't belong. It's like putting them in prison just for our convenience and entertainment. And a sad fact is that captivity actually _____ 48 _____ animals. They can be seen to walk in circles anxiously or even hurt themselves. _____ 49 _____ of freedom, some of them are stuck in deep depression. Long suffering mental and physical problems that come with captivity, sometimes they have to be given antidepressants to relieve the symptoms. Worse yet, the idea that zoos can educate children might be wishful thinking since it is reported that there are, in fact, few positive learning outcomes from taking children to a zoo. Taking children to animal _____ 50 _____ may be a far better way to teach them to respect other creatures. Maybe we should all ask ourselves what we have in mind when visiting a zoo – are we trying to help animals or simply pleasing ourselves?

46. A. at once B. for fear C. by contrast D. in person
47. A. involved in B. confined to C. revolved around D. convinced of
48. A. shuts down B. stresses out C. provides with D. corresponds to
49. A. Deprived B. Deprive C. Depriving D. To deprive
50. A. hallways B. lipsticks C. sanctuaries D. keyboards

III. Reading Comprehension 閱讀理解-10%

A. New York City has tons of fun things to do that don't cost an arm and a leg. Start with a walk through Central Park, where you can explore trails, watch street performers, or even visit the iconic Bethesda Fountain. Times Square is free to visit, too, and is always buzzing with bright lights, costumed characters, and people from all over the world. For an incredible skyline view, take the Staten Island Ferry—it's free and gives you a glimpse of the Statue of Liberty.

Broadway shows can be pretty pricy, but thankfully, there is TKTS. These booths in Times Square or Lincoln Center sell half-price tickets to same day shows. Not all shows are available, but you can see some great ones for low cost.

If you love museums, visit places like the American Museum of Natural History or the Metropolitan Museum of Art, which have pay-what-you-wish days. Grand Central Terminal is worth a visit too, with its stunning architecture and famous starry ceiling. For outdoor markets, check out Smorgasburg in Brooklyn or Union Square's farmer's market, where you can browse unique foods and crafts. Walk across the Brooklyn Bridge for amazing views and Instagram-worthy photos. In the evenings, head to Bryant Park or Washington Square Park to catch free performances, chess games, or movie nights. NYC has so much to offer, and you don't need to spend a fortune to experience its energy and charm!

51. What is implied about New York City?
- People usually think of it as an expensive place to visit.
 - The people that live there are really rude and loud.
 - There aren't many big attractions in the city.
 - The city is not very welcoming towards tourists.
52. What will the Staten Island Ferry allow you to do?
- Take you to an island where you can camp overnight.
 - See the underwater world of New York City.
 - See one of the most famous things in New York City.
 - Get around the city without paying a dime.

53. What will you have to do to enter the Metropolitan Museum of Art for free?
- Ask for a discount when you get to the main entrance.
 - Check the schedule for certain days where you can pay whatever you'd like.
 - Show some identification proving you're a tourist.
 - Get special tickets from a booth in Times Square.

B.

Crocs are colorful, comfortable shoes that people all over the world love to wear. They are made from a special foam material called Croslite, which makes them lightweight, soft, and very comfortable. Crocs come in many colors and styles, and they are great for walking, playing, or just hanging out.

Crocs were invented in 2002 by three friends, Scott Seamans, Lyndon Hanson, and George Boedeker Jr. They wanted to create a shoe that was easy to wear and perfect for boating in that it wouldn't slip on wet surfaces. The first Crocs were called the Beach, and they were a big hit right away.

Today, people of all ages wear Crocs. Kids like them because they're easy to slip on, and adults love them because they are functional and cozy. Even doctors, nurses, and chefs wear Crocs because they're great for standing all day.

Crocs have also become quite fashionable. Celebrities wear them, and people decorate them with jibbitz charms to express their personality. You can make your Crocs look fun, cool, or even fancy! Some designers have even created high-fashion versions of Crocs. Whether you like them for their comfort or style, wearing Crocs is a fun and unique way to express yourself.

54. What statement best describes Crocs?

- They are shoes that kids like but adults don't.
 - They are shoes that are suited for a wide variety of activities.
 - They are shoes that are only popular because famous people wear them.
 - They are shoes that are not suitable for the beach.
55. Why did the three friends design this kind of shoe?
- They wanted something to wear when they went out on the water.
 - They wanted to get rich quickly, and this was the only way.
 - They were making something else and accidentally created this.
 - They wanted to make dress shoes more comfortable.

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